CORRECTION Open Access



Correction to: Tin and Oxygen-Vacancy Co-doping into Hematite Photoanode for Improved Photoelectrochemical Performances

Chenhong Xiao^{1,2}, Zhongyuan Zhou^{1,2}, Liujing Li^{1,2}, Shaolong Wu^{1,2*} and Xiaofeng Li^{1,2*}

Correction to: Nanoscale Research Letters (2020) 15:54 https://doi.org/10.1186/s11671-020-3287-1

Following publication of the original article [1], it came to the authors' attention that an incomplete version of affiliation 1 had been provided; 'Soochow University' was missing from the affiliation.

The article has now been updated with the corrected affiliation.

Author details

¹ School of Optoelectronic Science and Engineering & Collaborative Innovation Center of Suzhou Nano Science and Technology, Soochow University, Suzhou 215006, Jiangsu, China. ² Key Laboratory of Advanced Optical Manufacturing Technologies of Jiangsu Province & Key Laboratory of Modern Optical Technologies of Education Ministry of China, Soochow University, Suzhou 215006, Jiangsu, China.

Published online: 07 February 2022

Reference

 Xiao C, Zhou Z, Li L et al (2020) Tin and oxygen-vacancy co-doping into hematite photoanode for improved photoelectrochemical performances. Nanoscale Res Lett 15:54. https://doi.org/10.1186/s11671-020-3287-1

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1186/s11671-020-3287-1.

*Correspondence: shaolong_wu@suda.edu.cn; xfli@suda.edu.cn ¹ School of Optoelectronic Science and Engineering & Collaborative Innovation Center of Suzhou Nano Science and Technology, Soochow University, Suzhou 215006, Jiangsu, China Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



Publisher's Note

Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

© The Author(s) 2022. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.